

I BSC MATHEMATICS

Statistics - II

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2 Mark

1. Define Binomial distribution
2. Determine the binomial distribution for which the mean is 4 and variance 3. find the mode
3. Define characteristic function of binomial distribution
4. Write down the formula for Poisson distribution
5. Write down the Moment generating function of Poisson distribution
6. Write down the formula of normal distribution
7. Define the Central limit theorem
8. Write down the formula for Chi-Square
9. Write down the moment generating function of rectangular distribution
10. Write the definition of Gamma distribution
11. Write the definition of beta distribution of first kind
12. Write the definition of beta distribution of second kind
13. Write down f distribution definition
14. State that the ~~max~~ moment law property of exponentiated distribution
15. Give any two applications of Student's t distribution
16. State uniqueness theorem
17. What is the mean and variance of exponential distribution
18. Write down the mode of a binomial distribution
19. Definition of Poisson distribution
20. Write down the characteristic function of Poisson distribution
21. State that the Reproductive Property
22. Write down the area of Properties
23. Write down the characteristic function of Chi-Square distribution

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24. Define the uniform distribution
 25. Define the Exponential distribution
 26. Write the definition for Student's distribution
 27. Write the definition for Correlation
 28. Write down the types of Correlation
 29. Write down the example for positive and negative Correlation
 30. Write the formula for Karl Pearson's Coefficient of Correlation
 31. Write the formula for the repeated rank Correlation
 32. Write the formula for X on Y and Y on X in normal equation
 33. Correlation Coefficient, geometric mean between the regression Coefficient
 34. Write down the formula for regression coefficient.
 35. Write down the angle between two lines of regression.
 36. Define hypothesis
 37. Write down the types of hypothesis
 38. Define the Standard error.
 39. Write down the large sample test
 40. Write down the formula population of two sample mean
 41. Define Error in Sampling
 42. Define one tail and two tail test
 43. Write down the test of Significance for single mean
 44. Define t -test for single mean
 45. When does (H_0) null hypothesis is rejected and accepted

5 marks

1. The moment generation function of a random variable

is $(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3}e^t)^9$. show that $P(\mu - 2\sigma < X < \mu + 2\sigma)$

$$\sum_{x=1}^5 \binom{9}{x} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{9-x}$$

- If the independent random variable X, Y are binomial distributed respectively with $n=3, P=1/3$ and $n=5, P=1/3$ with down the probability that $X+Y \geq 1$
- State that recurrence relation for moment of Poisson distribution
- If X and Y are independent Poisson variate such that $P(X=1) = P(X=2)$ and $P(Y=2) = P(Y=3)$ the find variance of $X-2Y$ and prove
- State that uniqueness theorem of characteristic function
- State and prove that additive property of chi-square distribution
- If X is a uniformly distributed with mean 1 and variance $4/3$ find probability of $X < 0$
- write the cumulant generating function of gamma distribution state and prove that additive property of gamma distribution
- If $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ obtain the p.d.f. ϕ of $u = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{X-\mu}{\sigma} \right)^2$ write down the moments generating function of Exponential distribution
- If X and Y are independent with a common p.d.f (exp) $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}; & x \geq 0 \\ 0; & x < 0 \end{cases}$ find p.d.f are $X-Y$
- Calculate the correlation coefficient for the following data

X	65	66	67	67	68	69	70	72
Y	67	68	65	68	72	72	69	71
- Calculate the rank obtained by ten students in two subjects

Famil	7	2	1	10	8	4	9	6	3	5
English	9	2	10	7	6	5	8	4	3	
- Calculate repeated rank correlation coefficient.

X	49	39	41	10	17	17	60	25	17	58
Y	14	14	25	7	16	5	21	10	7	20
- Arithmetic mean of the regression coefficient is greater than correlation coefficient r provided
- If $r_{12} = 0.5, r_{13} = 0.3, r_{23} = 0.4$ to find $R_{3.12}$
- If $r_{13} = 0.6, r_{23} = 0.5, r_{12} = 0.8$ to find $r_{13.2}$

19. Using difference of significance, a normal population has a mean 6.48 and S.D 1.5 in a sample test 400 members in mean is 6.75 is the difference of significance.
20. Two random sample size 900 and 400 have mean 21 and 21.3 with S.D 3 and 3.1 respectively. These two samples are drawn from the population.
21. In a sample of 1000 people in Maharashtra 540 are rice eaters and the rest of wheat eaters can be assume that both rice and wheat are equally popular in this state. at 1% level of significance.
22. Find the 95% confidence limits of the population mean?
23. The means of two single large sample of 1000 and 2000 members 67.5 inches respectively can the samples be recorded as drawn from the same population 2.5 inches.
24. State and prove that t-test for difference of means.
25. The height of 10 males of given locality are found to be 70, 67, 62, 68, 61, 68, 70, 64, 64, 66 inches. It is reasonable to believe that the average height is greater than 64 inches. Test at 5% level of significance assuming that for p.d.f $P(Z > 1.83) = 0.05$.

- 10 marks
1. Derive the moment of normal distribution function.
2. If x is a normal variate with mean 30 and derivation 5. find the probability of (i) $26 \leq x \leq 40$; (ii) $x \geq 45$
(iii) $|x - 30| > 5$
3. In a distribution exactly normal 10.03% of a items under 25 kg weight 89.97% of a items under 70 kg weight. what are the mean and standard derivation of the distribution.
4. State and prove that the application of central limit theorem.
5. If x_1 and x_2 are two independent chi-square variate with n_1 and n_2 degrees of freedom respectively. The $\frac{x_1}{x_2}$ is a F_2 of $(\frac{n_1}{2}, \frac{n_2}{2})$ variate.
6. The necessary and sufficient condition for the random variables x_1 and x_2 to be independent is that their joint characteristic function is equal to that is $\phi_{x_1, x_2}(t_1, t_2) = \phi_{x_1}(t_1) \cdot \phi_{x_2}(t_2)$.

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7. Define gamma variate and find its mean and variance
 8. Derive the chi-square (χ^2) distribution
 9. Derive the constants of beta distribution of second kind
 10. If x and y are independent gamma variate with parameters μ and ν show that $u = x + y$, $z = x/y$ are independent that u is a $\gamma(\mu + \nu)$ variate and z is a $R_2(\mu, \nu)$ variate
 11. Prove
 - (i) If x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n are independent random variable x_1 having an exponential distribution with parameters $\theta_1, \theta_2, \dots, \theta_n$ then $z = \min(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ the exponential distribution with parameter $\sum_{i=1}^n \theta_i$
 - (ii) Derive the distribution of fisher's F distribution test function
 12. Write the definition of F distribution and also derive that the derivation of Snedecor's F -distribution function
 13. Obtain the rank correlation coefficient of the following data

X	65	68	67	64	68	62	70	66	68	67	69	71
Y	68	66	68	65	69	66	68	65	71	67	68	70
 14. (i) If one of the regression coefficient is greater than unity. The otherwise be less than unity
 (ii) If the correlation coefficient X, Y is 0.5. find the correlation coefficient between $2x+1$ and $3y-1$
 15. The two lines of regression are $8x - 10y + 66 = 0$, $40x - 18y - 214 = 0$
 The variance X is 9. find the mean value of x and y and the correlation coefficient between x and y
 16. The following data of two marks in economics and statistics

Economics	25	28	35	32	31	36	29	38	34	32
Statistics	43	46	49	41	36	32	31	30	33	39

17. Find the rank Correlation coefficient from the following data.

Father (A)	3	6	10	8	9	4	5	2	7
Mother (B)	5	8	3	9	10	7	1	2	4
Son (C)	4	7	2	8	9	6	3	1	5

18. In a trivariate $\sigma_1 = 2, \sigma_2 = \sigma_3 = 3, r_{12} = r_{21} = 0.7, r_{23} = r_{31} = 0.5$. Find (i) $r_{23,1}$ (ii) $R_{1,23}$ (iii) $b_{12,3}$

(iv) $b_{13,2}$ (v) $r_{1,23}$

19. A random sample of 400 men and 600 women are asked whether they are in favour of the proposal. Test the hypothesis the proportion of men and women at 5% level of significance.

20. Below are given the gain in weight (in kgs) of pigs fed on two diets A and B gain in weight

Diet A : 25 32 30 34 24 14 32 24 30 31 35 25

Diet B : 44 34 22 10 47 31 40 30 32 35 18 21 35
29 22

Test if the two diets differ significantly as regards their effect on increase in weights.