

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

P16MCE5A

PROJECT MANAGEMENT :

1. Define project :

A project is a series of tasks that need to be completed in order to reach a specific outcome. A project can also be defined as a set of inputs and outputs required to achieve a particular goal.

2. what is project Management :

Project Management, then, is the application of knowledge, skills, tools and techniques to project activities to meet the Management.

3. who is project Manager :

A project Manager is a professional in the field of project Management. Project Managers have the responsibility of the planning, procur.

4. what is scanning of business :

Scanning the business environment is the first step in effective business planning or development of business strategy. Scanning the business or operating environment helps to provide the decision makes with the context decision.

5. Define Techno - economic project :

Techno - economic project feasibility is

an analysis on the existing market and the technology. The choice of technology itself will be based on the demand potential in project.

6. what is project description :

project description is a formally written declaration of the project and its idea and context to explain the goals and objectives to be reached, the business need and problem to be addressed.

7. what is project identification :

project identification is a process to assess each project idea and select the project with the highest priority concerned with collection, compilation and analysis of economic data for the eventual impose.

8. Describe the project formulation :

project formulation is the systematic development of a project idea for arriving at an investment decision each member of the team should be familiar with the broad strategy, objectives of the project.

9. what is report :

A Report is a specific form of writing

that is organised around concisely identifying and examining issues, events or findings that have happened in a physical sense, such as events that have occurred within an organisation, or findings from a research investigation.

10. what is project profile :

A project profile is defined to maintain default values and control parameters like planning methods for costs. The information entered in project profile is copied to project.

11. what do you meant by appraisal :

To appraisal is to estimate the value of something, but remove the second "a", and you have appraise. which means to tell if you hire someone to appraise your house.

12. Define project appraisal :

Appraisals are typically used for taxation purposes or to determine a possible selling price for an ideally, you will want multiple valuations for an item from an accredited professional.

12 what is fire - investment analysis :

one of the directions in this activity

Is a fire - investment analysis. which include financial, legal, tax and technical expertise. carrying out such an analysis enables to investment.

14. List out the level of project :

Delivery of projects through the personal heroics and effect of the project manager and his other team.

Anybody can delivery, not just heroes.

15. Define - feasibility report :

feasibility studies are almost always conducted where large sums are at stake. Also called feasibility analysis. see also cost benefit analysis.

16. what is planning :

planning is the fundamental management function, which involves deciding beforehand, what is to be done, when is it to be done, how is to be done and who is going to do it. It chalks out exactly, how to attain a specific goals

17. what is sectoral project :

Sectoral development project is designed to strengthen national and local institutions, reduce budget subsidies use carbon land more efficiently, provide term financing for housing sectoral project.

18. Describe planning components of good planning :

The entire process of planning consists of many aspects. The basically include missions, objectives, policies, producers, programs, budgets and strategies.

19. Define project planning :

Project planning is a discipline for stating has to complete a project within a certain time frame, usually with define stages, and with designated resources.

20. Define project constraints :

A constraints, in project Management, is any restriction that defines a projects limitations the scope, the limit of what the project is expected to accomplish.

21, what is project implementation :

project implementation is the phase where visions and plans become reality. This is the logical conclusion, after evaluation, deciding, visioning, planning, applying for funds and finding the financial resources of a project.

22. Define PERT :

Program Evaluation Review Technique .

PERT is a project Management planning tool used to calculate the amount of time it will take to realistically finish a project. PERT stands for program evaluation Review technique.

23, what is techniques of CPM :

The critical path method (CPM) is a step-by-step project Management technique for process planning that defines critical and non-critical tasks with the goal of preventing time-frame problems and process bottlenecks.

24, what is project audit :

A project audit is a formal review of a project, often intended to assess the

extent to which project management standards are being upheld. Audits are generally carried out by a specially designated audit department, the project management office, an approved management committee or an external auditor.

25. what is project control techniques :

project control techniques that pertain to measurement of project performance include earned value analysis. Earned value analysis is a techniques that enables you to quantify project progress.