

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY

Tiruchirappalli- 620024, Tamil Nadu, India

PROGRAMME: FIVE-YEAR INTEGRATED M.A. HISTORY

COURSE TITLE: MODERN GOVERNMENTS

COURSE CODE: A1C01

UNIT-I

Constitution – Meaning, Purpose and Contents of Constitution-Classification of Constitution: Written and Unwritten Constitution

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Meaning of the Constitution

A constitution is a set of fundamental legal-political rules that:

(1) are binding on everyone in the state, including ordinary lawmaking institutions;

(2) concern the structure and operation of the institutions of government, political principles and the rights of citizens;

(3) are based on widespread public legitimacy;

(4) are harder to change than ordinary laws (e.g. a two-thirds majority vote or a referendum is needed)

(5) as a minimum, meet the internationally recognized criteria for a democratic system in terms of representation and human rights.

Contents of Constitution

- Preamble
- Citizenship
- Fundamental rights
- Fundamental duties
- Social and economic rights
- Head of state
- Parliament or legislature

- Government (Presidential or Parliamentary)
- Judiciary (Attorney general)
- Federal system
- Local bodies
- Provisions for referendums
- Election commission

- Audit system (Comptroller and Auditor General of India)
- Miscellaneous (special provisions for particular groups, language laws, particular institution, etc.)

Amendment procedures

Classification of Constitution

Written Constitution

- A written constitution has been written and contains all of the facts in a book form that can be consulted at any time.
- It includes government and citizen responsibilities and rights, the type of constitutional order, and the laws governing and controlling the system.

Unwritten Constitution

■ The unwritten Constitution is described as one where the nation's legal choices, fundamental laws, and norms are not systematically written down or combined into one document.

Unwritten constitutions might be rigid, flexible, or a combination of the two.

Countries with written constitution

- India
- USA
- France
- Australia
- Denmark
- Finland,
- Brazil, etc.

Flexible Constitution

- A flexible constitution is a type of constitution that can be easily amended or changed through ordinary legislative processes.
- The government can alter constitutional principles without needing special amending procedures.

Rigid Constitution

 It is a constitution with a special laid down procedure for effecting any alteration of its provisions.

 A rigid Constitution safeguards legislative violation, fundamental rights effectively and protects the rights of minorities.