

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY Tiruchirappalli- 620024, Tamil Nadu, India

Programme: M.A.HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Course Title : Total Quality Management Course Code :22HRM4CC17

UNIT – I coduction to Total Quality Management (T

Introduction to Total Quality Management (TQM)

Dr. T. KUMUTHAVALLI

Associate Professor Department of Lifelong Learning

DLL,BDU

Introduction to Total Quality Management (TQM)

Agenda

- TQM: Meaning and Definition
- Fundamental Elements of TQM
- Benefits of TQM
- Total Quality Control: Meaning and Factors
- Challenges for Quality
- Dimensions of Product and Service Quality
- Cost of Quality

TQM: Meaning and Definition

- Total Quality Management (TQM):
- A management approach focused on quality as a primary goal.
- - Involves all members of an organization in improving processes, products, and services.
- Definition:
- "A system of management based on the principle that every staff member must be committed to maintaining high standards of work."

Fundamental Elements of TQM

- Key Elements:
- Customer Focus
- Total Employee Involvement
- Process-Centered Approach
- - Integrated System
- - Strategic and Systematic Approach
- Continuous Improvement
- Fact-Based Decision-Making
- Effective Communication

Benefits of TQM

- Organizational Benefits:
- Improved product quality
- Enhanced customer satisfaction
- Increased operational efficiency
- - Stronger employee morale
- Market Benefits:
- - Better competitive positioning
- - Stronger brand reputation

Total Quality Control (TQC): Meaning

- Definition:
- A system of quality management focusing on maintaining desired quality in all stages of production.
- Key Features:
- Comprehensive and proactive
- - Involves planning, implementation, and control

Factors Responsible for Quality

- Internal Factors:
- Employee skills and training
- - Process design and implementation
- External Factors:
- - Supplier reliability
- - Customer feedback and expectations

TQM Awareness

- Importance of Awareness:
- Drives commitment from all levels of the organization.
- - Encourages a culture of quality and excellence.
- Strategies:
- - Training programs
- - Regular communication and updates

Challenges for Quality

- Key Challenges:
- - Resistance to change
- Lack of resources
- - Difficulty in measuring quality outcomes
- - Ensuring consistency across departments

Dimensions of Product Quality

- Key Dimensions:
- - Performance
- Features
- - Reliability
- Conformance
- - Durability
- Serviceability
- Aesthetics
- - Perceived Quality

Dimensions of Service Quality

- Key Dimensions:
- - Tangibles
- - Reliability
- - Responsiveness
- - Assurance
- - Empathy

Cost of Quality: Overview

- Definition:
- The total cost of ensuring that a product or service meets quality standards.
- Categories:
- - Prevention Costs
- Appraisal Costs
- - Internal Failure Costs
- - External Failure Costs

Prevention Costs

- Definition:
- Costs incurred to prevent defects in products or services.
- Examples:
- - Employee training
- Quality improvement initiatives
- Process design optimization

Appraisal Costs

- Definition:
- Costs related to measuring and monitoring activities to ensure quality.
- Examples:
- - Inspection and testing
- - Quality audits

Internal Failure Costs

- Definition:
- Costs arising from defects identified before the product reaches the customer.
- Examples:
- - Rework
- - Scrap
- - Downtime

External Failure Costs

- Definition:
- Costs due to defects found after the product is delivered to the customer.
- Examples:
- - Warranty claims
- Product recalls
- Loss of customer goodwill

Implementing TQM: Best Practices

- Steps to Success:
- - Top management commitment
- - Employee involvement
- Clear objectives and goals
- - Regular monitoring and feedback

Role of Leadership in TQM

- Leadership Responsibilities:
- - Setting quality goals
- - Providing resources
- - Encouraging a culture of quality
- - Recognizing and rewarding quality achievements

Future of TQM

- Emerging Trends:
- - Integration with digital technologies
- - Emphasis on sustainability
- - Greater focus on customer-centric approaches

Conclusion

- Summary:
- TQM is essential for achieving high-quality standards in products and services.
- It benefits organizations, customers, and employees.
- Continuous improvement and leadership are key to success.