

Paper I - INDIAN PHILOSOPHY

Unit 1: a) Vedas – Naturalistic Polytheism, Henotheism, Monotheism, Monism
 b) Upanisads – Central Teachings of Upanisads – Brahman and Atman – World.
 c) Bhagavadgita – Karma Yoga – Bhakti Yoga – Jnana Yoga.

Unit 2: a) Theories of Causation – Nyaya, Sankhya and Advaita – A Critical Estimate.
 b) Theory of Evolution of the World – The Atomism of Nyaya, Vaisesika and Evolutionism of Sankhya.
 c) Theories of God – Nyaya, Sankhya and Yoga.

Unit 3: a) The Eight-fold path of Yoga system.

b) The Eight-fold path of Buddhism – Nirvana.
 c) The Tri-Ratna theory of Jainism, The Metaphysical Views of Buddhism and Jainism – Reality and Self.
 d) A critical survey of Materialism.

Unit 4: a) Authority of the Vedas – Rituals – Purva Mimamsa.
 b) Vedanta – Reality – World – Soul – Release – Advaita, Visistadvaita and Dvaita Views.

Unit 5: Theories of Truth and Error (Khyativada) – A Critical Estimate.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Dasgupta, S.N., *A History of Philosophy* vols.I – V, MLBD, New Delhi.
2. Datta, D.M., & Chaterjee, S.C., *Introduction to Indian Philosophy*, Calcutta University Press, Calcutta, 1960.
3. Hiriyanna, M., *Outlines of Indian Philosophy*, George Allen and Unwin(India), 1973.
4. Hiriyanna, M., *Essentials of Indian Philosophy*, MLBD, New Delhi.
5. Mahadevan, T.M.P., *An Invitation to Indian Philosophy*, Arnold-Heinemann Publishers (India) Private Ltd., 1974.
6. Radhakrishnan, S., (ed.,) *History of Philosophy Eastern and Western*, vol. II, George Allen and Unwin Ltd., 1953.
7. Radhakrishnan, S., *Indian Philosophy*, Vols. I & II, George Allen and Unwin Ltd., 1966.
8. Sharma, C.D., *A Critical Survey of Indian Philosophy*, MLBD, New Delhi, 1976.

Paper II - WESTERN PHILOSOPHY

Unit 1: GREEK PHILOSOPHY -

- a) Socrates : His Problem, Method and Ethics.
- b) Plato: Theory of Ideas – Ethics – Politics.
- c) Aristotle: Metaphysics – Four Causes – Ethics.

Unit 2: MEDIEVAL PHILOSOPHY -

- a) St. Augustine: Theology – Evil – Ethics.
- b) St. Anselm: Proofs for the existence of God.
- c) St. Thomas Aquinas: Theology – Metaphysics – Ethics.

Unit 3: RATIONALISM -

- a) Descartes: Method – Proofs for the Existence of God – Substance – Mind–Body relation.
- b) Spinoza : Substance – Attributes of God – Modes – Psycho-physical Parallelism.
- c) Leibnitz: Monads – God – Pre-established Harmony – Best of all possible worlds.

Unit 4: EMPIRICISM -

- a) Locke : Rejection of Innate Ideas – Origin of Knowledge – Substance.
- b) Berkeley: Esse est percipi – Substance – God
- c) Hume: Rejection of Substances – Relation of Cause and Effect – Scepticism

Unit 5: a) Immanuel Kant: Copernicus Revolution – Synthesis of Empiricism and Rationalism b) Hegel : Absolute Idealism – Dialectical Method

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE

1. Frederick Copleston, S.J., *A History of Philosophy*, Vol. I to IX, Image Books, New York, 1985.
2. Fuller & McMurrin, *A History of Philosophy*, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1989
3. Jones, W.T., *A History of Western Philosophy*, Harcourt, Brace and World, Inc., New York, 1952.
4. Masih, Y., *A Critical History of Western Philosophy*, MLBD, New Delhi, 1999.
5. Radhakrishnan, S., *A History of Philosophy Eastern and Western* vol. II, George Allen and Unwin Ltd., London, 1953.
6. Russell Bertrand, *A History of Western Philosophy*, George Allen and Unwin Ltd., London, 1946.
7. Thilly, F., *A History of Philosophy*, Central Book Depot, Allahabad, 1973. New York, 1985.
8. Will Durant, *The Story of Philosophy*, Ernest Benn Ltd., London, 1929.

Paper III - LOGIC AND SCIENTIFIC METHOD

Unit 1: Definition, Meaning, Nature and Scope of Logic - The Divisions of Logic - Nature of Science and Scientific Methods.

Unit 2: Words - Terms - Propositions - Four-fold Classification of Propositions

Unit 3: Inferences - Immediate Inferences - Opposition of Propositions - Eduction - Mediate Inferences - Categorical Syllogism - Hypothetical Syllogism - Disjunctive Syllogism - Fallacies.

Unit 4: Induction - Postulates of Induction - Types of Induction - Enumerative and Scientific Methods - Analogy - Sound and Unsound Analogy. Hypothesis - Importance of Hypotheses - Verification and Proof of Hypothesis - Conditions of a Good Hypothesis - Hypothesis Distinguished from Fact, Theory and Law - False and Barren Hypothesis - Stages of Scientific Induction.

Unit 5: Observation and Experiment - The Material Grounds of Induction - Advantages of Observation and Experiment - Fallacies of Observation.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Basanthani, K.T., Introduction to Logic,
2. Bholanath Roy, Textbook of Deductive Logic, University of Calcutta, Calcutta, 1945.
3. Bholanath Roy, Textbook of Inductive Logic, University of Calcutta, Calcutta, 1945.
4. Cohen and Nagel, An Introduction to Logic and Scientific Method, Allied Publishers, Delhi, 1972.
5. Ganapathy, T.N., An Invitation to Logic, K.C. Desikan & Co., Booksellers and Publishers, Madras, 1973.
6. Morris R. Cohen and Ernest Nagel, An Introduction to Logic and Scientific Methods, Routledge and Kegan Paul Ltd., London, 1934.
7. Nandita Bandyopadhyay, The Concept of Logical Fallacies, Sri Hyamapada Battacharya, Calcutta, 1977.

Paper IV - ETHICS

Unit 1: Introduction of Ethics to Sociology, Politics. - Nature and Scope of Ethics - The Relation of Ethics to Sociology, Politics.

Unit 2: Hedonism of J.Bentham and Utilitarianism of J.S.Mill
b) Ethical Theories of T.H.Green and F.H.Bradley
c) Marxian Ethics
d) Ethics of Kant

Unit 3: a) Values - The Concept of Values - Intrinsic and Extrinsic Values - Classification of Values.
b) Rights and Duties
c) Moral Problems - Dowry, Divorce, Widow Remarriage, Conversion, Corruption, Abortion and Defection.
d) Theories of Punishment

Unit 4: Dharma - Varnashrama Dharma - Law of Karma -
Prarabdakarma - Sancitakarma - Agamikarma - Virtues -
Truthfulness - Non-killing - Non-stealing - Celibacy -
Non-attachment - Fearlessness.

Unit 5: Professional Ethics - Value and Function - Morals, Law - Distinction between Profession and Business.
Medical and Legal Ethics - Ethics for Teachers and Students.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

- 1.Balbir Singh, Principles of Ethics, S.Nahin & Co.,Delhi, 1971.
- 2.Hrian, Fundamentals of Ethics
- 3.Hill, T.E., Contemporary Ethical Theories
- 4.Mackenzie, Manual of Ethics
- 5.Srinivasacari, P.N., The Ethics of Gita
- 6.William Lillee, An Introduction to Ethics, Allied Publishers Ltd., Delhi, 1990.

Paper V - COMPARATIVE RELIGION

Unit 1: Comparative Religion – Definition, Nature, Scope and Objectives.

Unit 2: God and World in Hinduism, Islam, Christianity, Zoroastrianism, Judaism, Sikhism.

Unit 3: Man in Hinduism, Islam, Christianity, Zoroastrianism, Judaism, Sikhism.

Unit 4: Evil and Suffering – Hinduism, Islam, Christianity, Zoroastrianism, Judaism, Sikhism.

Unit 5: Ethical Disciplines – Hinduism, Islam, Christianity, Zoroastrianism, Judaism, Sikhism.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Bouquet, A.C., Comparative Religion, Penguin Book, 1991.
2. Radhakrishnan, S., Indian Religions, Delhi Vision Books, 1985.
3., East & West: Some Reflections, Allen & Unwin, London, 1955.
4., Eastern Religion & Western Thought, DUP Delhi, 1984.
5. Tiwari, K.N., Comparative Religion, MLBD, Delhi, 1997.

Paper VI - CONTEMPORARY INDIAN PHILOSOPHY

Unit 1: General Characteristics of Modern Indian Philosophy – Religious Reform Movements – Arya Samaj and Brahma Samaj – Swami Vivekananda – Practical Vedanta – On Education – Harmony of Religions.

Unit 2: Sri Aurobindo – The Integral Method – The Two Negations – Absolute – Involution and Evolution – Inconscient – Life – Mind – Supermind – Intuition – Caityapurusa – Gnostic Being – Maya – The Divine Life .

Unit 3: St. Raúmalingar – A Social Reformer – Anmaneya Orumaippadu – Concept of Universal Religion – Embodied Immortality.

Unit 4: S. Radhakrishnan – Idealism – The Modern Challenges to Religion – Substitute for Religion – Religious Affirmation – Intuition and Intellect – Absolute – Maya – Individual.

Unit 5: Babasaheb Ambedkar – Views on Casteism – Self-respect – Religion and Morality – Democracy – Social Philosophy.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Aurobindo, Life Divine, The Sri Aurobindo Library, New York, 1949.
2. Basant Kumar Lal, Contemporary Indian Philosophy, MLBD., Delhi, 1987.
3. Bhattacharya, K.C., Studies in Philosophy
4. Datta, D.M., Chief Currents of Contemporary Philosophy, University of Calcutta, Calcutta, 1961.
5. Maitra, S.K., Introduction to Philosophy of Aurobindo
6. Mahadevan, T.M.P., & Saroja, Contemporary Indian Philosophy.
7. Naravane, V.S., Modern Indian Thought, Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 1964. Ramalingar, Thiru Arutpa
8. Radhakrishnan, S., An Idealistic View of Life
9. -----, Recovery of Faith
10. Sharma, D.S., Hinduism Through Ages, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Bombay, 1962.
11. Swami Vivekananda, Complete Works, Vols. I-VIII, Advaita Asram, Calcutta, 1986.
12. Srivatsava, R.P., Contemporary Indian Idealism, MLBD., Delhi, 1973.
13. Prasad, R.C. Ambedkarism, MLBD, New Delhi, 1993.
14. Prem Prakash, Ambedkar- Politics and Scheduled Caste, Asish Publishers, New Delhi, 1993.

Paper VII - SAIVISM

Unit 1: Saivism Characteristic features of Saivism- Different Schools of Saivism

Unit 2: Kasmir Saivism – The Absolute and Manifetations – Sakti – Self – Bondage and Liberation.

Unit 3: Sivadvaita of Srikantha – Brahman and the World – Jiva – Māya – Release –Means – Nature

Unit 4: Vira Saivism – History and Literature of ViraSaivism – Conception of God – Linga, Bhakti, Soul, Satsthla – Ethics

Unit 5: Saivasiddhanta –Pati, Pasu and Pasa – Bondage and Liberation.

BOOKS FOR REFEREVCE

1. Suryanarayana Sastr, S.S, Sivadvaita of Srikantha
2. Malladev Virasaivism
3. Nandimath, S.C A Hand book of Virasaivism
4. Bhandarkar, R.G, Vaisnavism, Saivism and other minor Religions
5. Dasgupta, S.N., A history of Indian Philosophy Vol V
6. S.Radhakrishnan, S., Indian Philosophy (relevant portions only)
7. Baskaran, N., Umapathy Sivachariyarin Tiruvarutpayan (Tamil), University of Madras, Chennai, 1994.
8. Devasenapathi, V.A., Saiva Siddhanta as expounded in the Sivajnana Siddhiyar and Its six commentaries, University of Madras Publication
9. Pandey, K.C., An Outline of History of Saiva Philosophy, MLBD., Delhi, 1986.
10. Pandit, B.N., Dr., History of Kashmir Saivism, Utpal Publications, Kashmir, 1990.
11. Violet Paranjothi, Saiva Siddhanta, Christian Literature Society, Madras.

Paper VIII - POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

Unit 1: Nature and Scope of Political Philosophy – State – Definition and characteristics of State – Theories of the Origin of State – Social contract theories of Thomas Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.

Unit 2: Plato – The Ideal State — Aristotle – Nature and End of State, Sovereignty – Monistic and Pluralistic Theories – Laski's views.

Unit 3: Rights – Definition - Kinds of Rights – Theories of Rights. Liberty – Definition – Kinds – Liberty and Equality – Equality and Law.

Unit 4: Political Ideologies – Socialism, Syndicalism, Fascism and Communism

Unit 5: Democracy – Characteristics -- Merits and Demerits – Internationalism – World Government and UNO.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Sabuine – History of Political theory
2. George Catlin – History of Political Philosophers
3. Rober h.Murray – The History of Political Science
4. B.R.Bhandari – History of European Political Philosophy
5. H.J.Laski – Grammar of Politics
6. ----- – The State in Theory and Practice
7. Francis w.w Goksi - Recent Political Philosophers
- 8 . Barkar,E – Principles of Social and Political Theory

Paper IX - GANDHIAN PHILOSOPHY

Unit 1: Gandhiji's Idealism – God – Man – World

Unit 2: Man and Society – Bread Labour – Svadesi – Removal of Untouchability – Sarvodaya

Unit 3: Ethical Principles – Ahimsa – Satya – Asteya – Brahmacharya – Aparigraha – Fearlessness – Self-purification – Anasakta Karma – Rebirth and Immortality – Problems of Evil and Freedom of Will.

Unit 4: Religion – Man's Religious Prayers – Rama nama – Unity of Religions – Tolerance – Religion and Politics.

Unit 5: Man's Destiny – God is Truth and Truth is God - Satyagraha – Ahimsa as means to destiny – Moksa (Liberation)

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Gandhi, M.K., Non-violence in War & Peace, 2 vols, Navajeevan Publications, Ahmedabad.
2. Horsburg, H.J.N., Non-violence and Aggression,
3. Kantilal Shah, Vinoba on Gandhi, Ch.9 & 10,
4. Mahadevan, T.K., Truth and Non-violence, Gandhi Peace Foundation, Delhi.
5. Richard B. Gregg, The Power of Non-violence, Navajeevan Publications,
6. Theo P. Lentz, Towards a Science of Peace,
7. Yogendra Singh, Traditions of Non-violence,
8. Devadoss, T.S., Philosophy of Sarvodaya, University of Madras,

Paper X

ELECTIVE: PHILOSOPHY OF YOGA

Unit 1: History of Yoga – Indus Valley Civilization – Vedas, Upanisads, Bhagavadgita, Tantras, Buddha and Jain Literatures, Tamil Siddhas, Tirumular's Tirumantiram – Modern Trends in Yoga.

Unit 2: Nature, Scope and Aim of Yoga – Various Systems of Yoga – Astanga Yoga, Hatha Yoga, Tantra Yoga, Mantra Yoga, Laya Yoga, Kundalini Yoga, Raja Yoga, Karma Yoga, Bhakti Yoga, Jnana Yoga – A General Survey of Patanjali Yogasutra.

Unit 2: Yoga Psychology – Modifications of Citta – Five Kinds of Modifications – Mind and Body relation to Self.

Unit 3: Asanas – Importance and Utility –

- a) Standing Postures – Ardhakati Cakrasana, Katicakrasana, Padahastasana, Trikonasana, Parivrtta Trikonasana, Parsvakonasana, Vrksasana.
- b) Sitting Postures – Padmasana, Vajrasana, Pascimottanasana, Vakrasana, Matsyendrasana, Baddhakonasana, Yogamudra.
- c) Lying Postures – Bhujangasana, Salabhasana, Dhanurasana, Cakrasana, Sarvangasana, Halasana, Matsyasana, Savasana or Santi asana.

Unit 4: Pranayama – Kinds of Pranayama – Satkriyas – Mudras – Cinmudra, Adimudra, Brahmamudra, Sanmukhimudra, Viparitakaranimudra – Bandhas – Jalandara, Uddiyana, Mula and Maha Bandhas – Meditation, Siddhis and its Classification.

Unit 5: Health Disorders and Yoga Treatment – Physiological, Psychological and Ecological Causes for Health Disorders – Major Health Disorders – Asthma – Arthritis – Sinusitis – Spondulitis – Ulcers – Hypertension – Nervousness – Diabetes – Yogic Treatment of Disorders.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE:

1. Andiappan, R., Arokya Vazhu (Tamil), Bharati Publishers, Chennai, 1995.

2. Dasgupta, Yoga Philosophy, MLBD, New Delhi
3. Iyengar, B.K.S., Light on the Yoga Sutras of Patanjali, Harper Collins Publishers India, New Delhi, 1993.
4., Light on Yoga,
5. Joshi, K.S., Yoga and Nature Cure Therapy, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1993.
6. Swami Prabhavananda, Patanjali Yoga Sutras, Ramakrishna Math, Chennai, 1953.
7. Swami Satyananda Saraswati, Asana Pranayama Mudra Bandha, Yoga Publishing Trust, Munger, Bihar, 1996.
8. Swami Abhedananda, Yoga Psychology, R.K.Vedanta Publishers, Chennai.
9. Swami Satyananda Saraswathi, Meditations, Monghyr, Bihar Schools of Yoga, 1987